

Office of Catholic Schools 3725 Blackburn Street Dallas, TX 75219 csodallas.org

# Fine Arts Curriculum Standards Diocese of Dallas

"To all who are passionately dedicated to the search for new 'epiphanies' of beauty so that through their creative work as artists they may offer these gifts to the world."

Pope John Paul, II

Adapted with permission from the Archdiocese of Hartford, CT



August 2012

Dear Catholic School Educators:

Peace and Joy!

It is with great pleasure that I approve the *Fine Arts Curriculum Standards* for grades 1-12. These standards are essential for students to achieve learning expectations. It is my hope that not only will schools implement these fine arts standards and promote the advancement of the study of the fine arts, but also educate our students by informing, forming, and transforming them with wonder and meaning of Christian faith.

You, the educators, must address academic standards through traditional and innovative methods, infused with an appreciation of Catholic doctrine, Catholic social teachings, and moral development. The fine arts curriculum standards affirm that:

Catholic schools educate diverse student bodies to form Catholic, person centered learning communities; provide quality teaching through traditional and innovative educational programs infused with Catholic social teachings; involve students to serve and support parish life and the local civic communities; graduate students who are critical thinkers, productive moral citizens, and spiritual leaders; and recognize and appreciate parents as the primary educators of their children.

We are grateful to the Archdiocese of Hartford, CT under the direction of Mrs. Valerie Mara, Director of Curriculum Design, and her committee for their energy, creativity, and dedication to this document and for their willingness to allow us to implement these standards and to adjust them to met the needs of our schools in the Diocese of Dallas. Please embrace this initiative as an opportunity to provide quality Catholic education; and to be an integral part of the effort to promote the success of all Diocesan school students to excel in the fine arts.

God bless you in your ministry of Catholic education.

Peace in Christ, Jesus,

Sister Dawn Achs, SSND Associate Superintendent of Catholic Schools

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#### The Study of Fine Arts Rationale--Diocese of Dallas Office of Catholic Schools

"Creativity is God's gift to us. Using our creativity is our gift back to God,"

Julia Cameron

God calls us to create a life crowned in His glory. The fine arts -- dance, music, theatre, and visual arts -- give students the opportunity to explore their creativity. Throughout time, the arts have been essential and vital to human existence. When people create in sounds, images, gestures and words, they discover ways to shape and share their thoughts and feelings with others; the arts enrich the quality of life. As students explore and become involved in the fine arts, their creativity mirrors the presence of God around them. In that sense, they are never closer to God than when they participate in the fine arts.

Young children "respond to gestures and movement before they react to the spoken word. They understand and explore sound before they learn to speak. They draw pictures before they form letters. They dance and act out stories before they learn to read" (Fowler, 1984). The fine arts are fundamental ways of knowing and thinking. In addition to their intrinsic value, the arts contribute to children's development cognitively and affectively.

Study of the fine arts allows students to appreciate God in nature and utilize different areas of their creativity. This creative process allows for a personal expression of ideas and cultures and also a tolerance and blending of varied points of view. Because the arts are both universal and culturally specific, they are a powerful means of increasing international and intercultural awareness. Through the arts, students gain a greater understanding of their own cultural heritage, as well as a sense of the larger world community. It encourages growth in self-esteem, risk-taking, and sharpens skills in the mastery of many techniques and mediums. It is for these reasons we believe the fine arts are essential for students to grow spiritually, academically, emotionally, and personally.

# Special Thanks

Many thanks to the Diocesan Fine Arts Committee who devoted time, effort, and a passion to the arts in a common mission to serve our students fully: spiritually, academically, emotionally, and personally.

Katherine Camposeo, Fine Arts Teacher, St. James School, Manchester

Kathleen Gauthier, Fine Arts Teacher, St. Timothy Middle School, West Hartford

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Scott Scorso, Fine Arts Department Chair, East Catholic High School, Manchester

Lynette Stoyles, Choral Music Teacher, East Catholic High School, Manchester

Catherine Thrall, Fine Arts Teacher, St. James, Manchester



# **Graduation Outcomes**

- ♣ Students will live according to the Catholic social teachings of the Church.
  - Students will use effective communication skills.
    - Students will read, think, and listen critically.
- ♣ Students will be culturally inclusive and demonstrate a global awareness.
  - Students will engage in lifelong learning.
  - ♣ Students will solve problems effectively and justly.
  - Students will use technology for the betterment of society.
- ♣ Students will develop an appreciation for the beauty in the world around them through the fine arts.

#### **How to Use This Document**

Much thought, time and energy went into the creation of the *Standards for Fine Arts* to make it a useful tool in the important work of instilling and developing in each student an appreciation for the beauty in the world around them through the fine arts. The information in this document is based on the National Standards for Fine Arts and the CT Framework Content Standards for Fine Arts.

**Achievement Standards** are the primary instructional targets that outline essential topics and skills that students should know and be able to do by the end of high school. Daily standards-based lesson planning enables educators to align curriculum and instruction with standards, as they have been adapted by this Archdiocese, thereby keeping the goals of our students in mind. The purpose of standards-based curriculum is to empower all students to meet new, challenging standards of education, and to "provide them with lifelong education...that equips them to be lifelong learners." (Fullan, 2006)

The various Fine Arts Achievement Standards are divided into disciplines (music, visual art, theatre, dance) and then separated into their respective **strands**. As often as possible, all of these strands should be integrated with one another and with all other content areas to maximize learning. **Student Objectives** are the primary tasks students should be able to master as a result of instruction. Student objectives are directly aligned with the achievement standards. The instruction of fine art disciplines is highly creative; measurement of student objectives will vary according to individual student interpretation, perception, and performance. Therefore, teachers are encouraged to develop outcomes that will best enable students to achieve a measure of mastery of the student objectives.

It is expected that at the year end of each developmental level (novice, intermediate, advanced), students will have reached proficiency of all stated objectives. An underlying assumption lies in the teacher possessing detailed knowledge of how best to teach these student objectives in a regular classroom setting. Differentiating instruction plays a paramount role in this determination and in planning daily learning objectives. This is a working document, designed to be annotated by the teachers who use it. Teachers should list text correlations, resources, and assessments that work best for the objectives listed.

The disciplines of theatre and dance are elements of the Standards of Fine Arts, but are optional for schools that do not have the resources to provide formal instruction in these areas. For this reason, the student objectives listed under these disciplines are bulleted rather than lettered. In the event that formal programs are not organized in elementary and secondary schools, "club" organizations are recommended where and when possible.

"Not all are called to be artists in the specific sense of the term. Yet, as Genesis has it, all men and women are entrusted with the task of crafting their own life: in a certain sense, they are to make of it a work of art, a masterpiece." Pope John Paul, II

#### **ASSESSMENT**

Careful attention should be paid to the **Assessment** section of the document. Assessment is a key element of any curriculum, whether used as an instructional tool or as a measurement of learning. Assessment for learning (formative assessment) is a powerful strategy for improving instruction and student achievement. "Assessment for learning...is about obtaining feedback on the teaching and learning and using that feedback to further shape the instructional process and improve learning." (Fullan, 2006) Good teachers learn which assessment tools best fit the learning outcomes addressed and ensure that a variety of summative assessments are used (performance-based, independent, criterion based) to determine an accurate indication of student achievement.

Journal writing is an effective learning strategy and assessment instrument teachers are encouraged to use. However, teachers who assign journals must understand that they are responsible for reading entries in a *timely* manner and taking appropriate action if and when students write entries that cause alarm (violent or self-destructive remarks, for example).

#### **RESOURCES**

Found at the end of the *Standards* are suggested online resources and instructional aids. All work online should be carefully monitored by the teacher and/or parent. This includes emails that are part of learning activities and assignments. Students should understand that what they write on the internet will be read by the teacher.

On the resource pages you will find a variety of suggestions for teaching and learning. The supplemental materials listed are those suggested by the members of the Fine Arts Curriculum Committee and are, by no means, a complete list. Here again, make this list your own by adding those ideas, field trip portfolios, books, DVDs, CDs, and websites that are most effective in your learning environment.

Textbooks are valuable resources that support instruction to help students meet the objectives of a standards-based curriculum. They should not be used to identify targets of instruction. (O'Shea, 2005) Textbooks must be selected from the Approved Textbook List. If a school wishes to use a textbook resource not listed on the approved list, kindly contact the Office of Catholic Schools, Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment, for endorsement.

#### Writing

We cannot emphasize enough the importance of writing as part of every curriculum area. Every day in every classroom, students should be writing – individually, in small or whole-class groups, in journals, through emails, other Internet connections, and on electronic devices. They should be writing research reports, opinions, poetry, conclusions, summaries, prayers, and reflections. In addition, teaching students to carefully and accurately cite sources for their work beginning in elementary grades, and then emphasizing various bibliography styles such as MLA or APA in middle school grades, is vital to ensure proper research method and technique in high school. A useful source for rubrics across all content areas is: http://www.tsc.k12.in.us/ci/resource/general/Rubrics\_TSC.htmurc

Just as it is impossible to imagine a school day without reading, it should be equally impossible to envision a school day without writing. (SEE SAMPLE RUBRICS AT END OF DOCUMENT.)

#### **Cross Curricular Links**

Central to these Standards and to the Fine Arts Programs of this Archdiocese is the goal of creating young people of faith, who can express themselves creatively, think critically and make moral decisions. In many of the strands you will find a section entitled "Suggested Cross Curricular and Catholic Social Teaching Links." This section is designed to help teachers link instruction in fine arts to other areas of the curriculum and, more importantly, to help live out our faith as expressed in Catholic social teachings. Some suggestions are included, but this part of the document must also be annotated by the teacher. The connection of fine arts to life outside of school is vital; it is the perfect vehicle for making Jesus' Gospel message of peace and justice live and breathe and have its being in our schools, parishes, communities, and towns.

It is through the integration of all the fine arts across all disciplines that educators will endeavor to teach the whole child and prepare them fully for success in the 21<sup>st</sup> century. "In order for the American economy to remain at the top of the heap globally, our graduates must be creative thinkers, adept at thinking with their whole brains, not just their left brains, but also their right brains, which comprehend wholes and jump to intuitive, creative solutions." (Pink, 2007)

#### **ASSESSMENT**

Assessment is a means of measuring performance. It illustrates how well we are accomplishing our stated mission, goals, and objectives to educate and form the whole person. Through an integrated system of standards and of multiple forms of evaluation, assessment measures:

- beliefs, attitudes and behaviors, which are expressions of our Catholic identity;
- content knowledge
- student achievement (individual and group); and the
- learning and teaching environment

(NCEA'S Statement on Accountability and Assessment in Catholic Education)

Assessments of students should match the learning outcome or goal. In all classrooms, a variety of assessments, both objective and subjective, should be used to enhance learning and measure progress. Assessments are both instructional tools for students while they are learning and accountability tools to determine if learning has occurred. These assessments should include, but are not limited to:

Summative assessments are MILEPOSTS while formative assessments are CHECKPOINTS.

Milepost/Summative assessments are designed initially by a teacher for each course and reflects where you want your students to be at end of unit. It is a measure OF learning designed to determine degree of mastery of each student...it judges the success of the process/product at the end.

Checkpoint/Formative assessments are designed to prepare students for the milepost assessment; they direct instruction and ensure students have the appropriate practice opportunities before the summative assessment. They are stops along the way. Results are used to direct instruction and/or to plan corrective activities.

	FORMATIVE	SUMMATIVE
PURPOSE		To judge the success of process/product at the end (however arbitrarily defined)
TIME OF ASSESSMENT	During the process or development of the product	At the end of the process or when the product is completed
	Informal observation, quizzes, homework, teacher questions, worksheets	Formal observation, tests, projects, term papers, exhibitions
	To improve or change a process/product while it is still going on or being developed	Judge the quality of a process/product; grade, rank, promote

#### FORMS OF ASSESSMENT:

Criterion Referenced (CRA): (Paper/Pencil Tests/Quizzes)

- > Multiple Choice
- Matching Items
- Completion Items
- Short Answer
- Essay Style
- Visual Representation
- ➤ Standardized Tests (*ITBS/CogAT -*Grades 2-7)
- > Teacher/text created tests (Written or oral)
- > Fluency tests
- > Teacher or text generated check lists of skills

#### **Performance Assessment (PA):**

Student formal and informal presentations across the curriculum using rubrics, checklists, rating scales, anecdotal records:

- > Recitations, reading, retellings, speeches, debates, discussions, video or audio performances
- > Written work across the curriculum
- Cooperative group work (students are assessed individually, never as a group)
- > Story, play, poem, paragraph(s), essay, research paper
- > Spelling bees
- Poetry recitals
- > Oratorical Competitions
- Classroom performance/demonstration (live or taped)
- > Parent/Teacher/Student conferences
- Presentations (live or taped)
- Oral, dance, visual (photos or video)
- Seminars
- Projects
- Anecdotal records
- > Application of Standard English in daily written and oral work across the curriculum (*including notebooks, journals, blogs, responses to questions*)
- > Teacher observation of student activities across the curriculum

- > Oral reading
- > Informal and formal inventories
- Daily work
- > Student spelling in written work
- Notebook checks
- > Running records
- > Application of skills across the curriculum
- > \*Portfolios

\*All schools are required keep portfolios of student writing. Each year there should be a minimum of two pieces of original writing included in the portfolio. The writing may be from any area of curriculum (religion, math, social studies, science, etc.), but must be accompanied by the rubric used to evaluate the writing.

#### Independent (IA):

Teacher observation
Teacher-student conference
Student self-correction and reflection on learning and performance
Student self-assessment of goals
On-line programs that allow students to self-assess

Instructional questions Questionnaires Response Journals Learning Logs Oral tests/exams

#### **STANDARD-BASED LESSON PLANS:**

Loyola Chicago Model for Elementary and Middle School Lesson Planner Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_ Grade: \_\_\_\_ Week of: \_\_\_\_ Subject: \_\_\_\_ Standard: \_\_\_\_ Est. Timeframe: \_\_\_\_

Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
Objective(s): (TSW)				
Evidence: (S or F)				
Activities: (Enabling Outcomes)				
Practice/Homework:	Practice/Homework:	Practice/Homework:	Practice/Homework:	Practice/Homework:
Re-teaching/Notes:	Re-teaching/Notes:	Re-teaching/Notes:	Re-teaching/Notes:	Re-teaching/Notes:
CST link:				

Resources	Standard #	Strand/Pg. #
Technology/Media/Internet: Textbook: Other:		

The preceding template was created by Judy Garneau from St. Mary Magdalene School, Oakville, CT

"Society needs artists, just as it needs scientists, technicians, workers, professional people, witnesses of faith, teachers, fathers and mothers, who ensure the growth of the person and the development of the community by means of that supreme art form which is 'the art of education.'"

#### **MUSIC ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS**

**I. Vocal** Students will sing, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of songs.

**II. Instrumental** Students will play, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of instrumental music.

**III. Improvisation** Students will improvise melodies, variations and accompaniments.

**IV. Composition** Students will compose and arrange music.

**V. Notation** Students will read and notate music.

**VI. Analysis** Students will listen to, describe and analyze music.

**VII. Evaluation** Students will evaluate music and music performances.

**VIII. Connections** Students will make connections between music, other disciplines and daily life.

**IX. History And** Students will understand music in relation to history and culture. **Cultures** 

"On the threshold of the Third Millennium, my hope for all of you who are artists is that you will have an especially intense experience of creative inspiration. May the beauty which you will pass on to generations to come be such that it will stir them to wonder!"

Pope John Paul, II

## Strand: Vocal

#### I. Achievement Standard:

Students will sing, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of songs.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. sing independently, on pitch and in rhythm, with appropriate timbre, diction and posture, and maintain a steady tempo;		F. sing accurately and with good breath control throughout their singing ranges, alone and in small and large ensembles;	
B. sing expressively, with appropriate dynamics, phrasing and interpretation;		G. sing with expression and technical accuracy a repertoire of vocal literature	
C. sing from memory a varied repertoire of songs representing genres and styles from diverse cultures;		with a difficulty level of 2, on a scale of 1 to 6, including some songs performed from memory;	
D. sing ostinatos, partner songs and rounds;		H. sing music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the work being performed;	
E. sing in groups, blending vocal timbres, matching dynamic levels, and responding to the cues of a conductor.		I. sing music written in two and three parts.	

J. participate in a choral
ensemble or class will, in
addition, sing with expression
and technical accuracy a
varied repertoire of vocal
literature with a difficulty level
of 3, on a scale of 1 to 6,
including some songs
performed from memory.

## **Strand: Instrumental**

### **II. Achievement Standard:**

Students will play, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of instrumental music.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. perform on pitch, in rhythm, with appropriate dynamics and timbre, and maintain a steady tempo;		G. perform on at least one instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles,	
B. perform easy rhythmic, melodic and choral patterns accurately and independently on rhythmic, melodic and harmonic classroom		with good posture, good playing position and good breath, bow or stick control;	
instruments;		H. perform with expression and technical accuracy on at least	
C. perform expressively a varied repertoire of music representing diverse genres and styles;		one string, wind, percussion or classroom instrument a repertoire of instrumental literature with a difficulty level	
D. echo short rhythms and melodic patterns;		of 2, on a scale of 1 to 6;	
E. perform in groups, blending instrumental timbres, matching dynamic levels, and responding to the cues of a conductor;		I. perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the work being performed;	
F. perform independent instrumental parts while other students sing or play contrasting parts.		J. play by ear simple melodies on a melodic instrument and simple accompaniments on a harmonic instrument.	

K. participate in an instrumental
ensemble or class will, in
addition, perform with
expression and technical
accuracy a varied repertoire
of instrumental literature with
a difficulty level of 3, on a
scale of 1 to 6, including
some solos performed from
memory.

# **Strand: Improvisation**

#### **III. Achievement Standard:**

Students will improvise melodies, variations and accompaniments.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. improvise "answers" in the same style to given rhythmic and melodic phrases;		E. improvise simple harmonic accompaniments;	
B. improvise simple rhythmic and melodic ostinato accompaniments;		F. improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given	
C. improvise simple rhythmic variations and simple melodic embellishments on familiar melodies;		pentatonic melodies and melodies in major keys;  G. improvise short melodies,	
D. improvise short songs and instrumental pieces, using a variety of sound sources, including traditional sounds, nontraditional sounds available in the classroom, body sounds, and sounds produced by electronic means.		unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each in a consistent style, meter and tonality.	

# **Strand: Composition**

### **IV. Achievement Standard:**

Students will compose and arrange music.

# **Student Objectives**

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
A. create and arrange music to accompany readings or dramatizations;		D. compose short pieces within specified guidelines, demonstrating how the elements of music are	
<ul> <li>B. create and arrange short songs and instrumental pieces within specified guidelines;</li> </ul>		used to achieve unity and variety, tension and release, and balance;	
C. use a variety of sound sources when composing.		E. arrange simple pieces for voices or instruments other than those for which the pieces were written;	
		F. use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging.	

## **Strand: Notation**

## V. Achievement Standard:

Students will read and notate music.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. read whole, half, dotted half, quarter and eighth notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 meter signatures;		E. read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 6/8, 3/8, and alla breve meter signatures;	
B. use a system (that is, syllables, numbers or letters) to read simple pitch notation in the treble clef in major keys;		F. read at sight simple melodies in both the treble and bass clefs;	
C. identify symbols and traditional terms referring to dynamics, tempo and articulation and interpret them correctly when performing;		G. identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo, articulation and expression;	
D. use standard symbols to notate meter, rhythm, pitch and dynamics in simple patterns		<ul> <li>H. use standard notation to record their musical ideas and the musical ideas of others.</li> </ul>	
presented by the teacher.		<ol> <li>participate in a performing ensemble or class will, in addition, sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of 2, on a scale of 1 to 6.</li> </ol>	
	Strand:	Analysis	

## **VI. Achievement Standard:**

Students will listen to, describe and analyze music.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. identify simple music forms when presented;		F. describe specific music events in a given aural	
B. demonstrate perceptual skills by moving in response to, by answering questions about, and		example, using appropriate terminology;	
by describing aural examples of music of various styles representing diverse cultures;		G. analyze the uses of elements of music in aural examples representing	
C. use appropriate terminology in explaining music, music notation, music instruments and voices, and music performances;		diverse genres and cultures;  H. demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of	
D. identify the sounds of a variety of instruments, including many orchestra and band instruments, and instruments from various cultures as well as children's voices and male and female adult voices;		meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords and harmonic progressions in their analyses of music.	
E. respond through purposeful movement to selected prominent music characteristics or to specific music events while listening to music.			

# **Strand: Evaluation**

#### **VII. Achievement Standard:**

Students will evaluate music and music performances.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. devise criteria for evaluating performances and compositions;		C. develop criteria for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of music performances and compositions and apply the	
B. explain, using appropriate music terminology, their personal preferences for		criteria in their personal listening and performing;	
specific musical works and styles.		D. evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others' performances, compositions, arrangements and improvisations by applying specific criteria appropriate for the style of the music, and offer constructive suggestions for improvement.	

## **Strand: Connections**

#### **VIII. Achievement Standard:**

Students will make connections between music, other disciplines and daily life.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
A. identify similarities and differences in the meanings of common terms used in the various arts;		C. compare in two or more arts how the characteristic materials of each art (sound in music, visual stimuli in visual arts, movement in dance,	
B. identify ways in which the principles and subject matter of music and other disciplines taught in the school are interrelated.		human relationships in theatre) can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions or ideas into works of art;	
		D. describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of music and other disciplines taught in the school are interrelated;	
		E. identify a variety of music- related careers.	

# **Strand: History and Culture**

#### IX. Achievement Standard:

Students will understand music in relation to history and culture.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. identify by genre or style aural examples of music from various historical periods and cultures;		F. describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures;	
B. describe in simple terms how elements of music are used in music examples from various cultures of the world;		G. classify by genre and style (and, if applicable, by historical period, composer and title) a varied body of exemplary (that is, high-quality	
C. identify various uses of music in their daily experiences and describe characteristics that make certain music suitable for each use;		and characteristic) musical works, and explain the characteristics that cause each work to be considered exemplary;	
D. identify and describe roles of musicians in various music settings and cultures;		H. compare, in several cultures of the world, the functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically performed.	
E. demonstrate audience behavior appropriate for the context and style of music performed.			

#### **VISUAL ARTS ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS**

Students will understand select and apply media techniques and

21 110414	Stadents will anderstand, select and apply media, teeningles and
	processes.
II. Elements and	Students will understand and apply elements and organizational

III. Content Students will consider, select and apply a range of subject matter, symbols

and ideas.

principles of art.

IV. History and Students will understand the visual arts in relation to history and cultures cultures.

V. Analysis,Interpretation,and EvaluationStudents will reflect upon, describe, analyze, interpret and evaluate their own and others' work.

**VI. Connections** Students will make connections between the visual arts, other disciplines and daily life.

"On the threshold of the Third Millennium, my hope for all of you who are artists is that you will have an especially intense experience of creative inspiration. May the beauty which you will pass on to generations to come be such that it will stir them to wonder!"

T. Media

**Principles** 

#### Strand: Media

# I. Achievement Standard:

Students will understand, select and apply media, techniques and processes.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. differentiate between a variety of media, techniques and processes;		E. select media, techniques and processes to communicate ideas, reflect on their choices and analyze what makes them	
B. describe how different media,		effective;	
techniques and processes cause different effects and personal responses;		F. improve the communication of their own ideas by effectively using the characteristics of a variety of traditional and	
C. use different media, techniques and processes to communicate ideas, feelings, experiences and stories;		contemporary art media, techniques and processes two- dimensional and three- dimensional, including media/ technology;	
D. use art media and tools in a safe and responsible manner.		G. use different media, techniques and processes two-dimensional and three-dimensional, including media/technology to communicate ideas, feelings, experiences and stories.	

# **Strand: Principles and Elements**

#### **II. Achievement Standard:**

Students will understand and apply elements and organizational principles of art.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
A. identify the different ways visual characteristics are used to convey ideas;		D. use ways of arranging visual characteristics and reflect upon what makes them effective in conveying ideas;	
B. describe how different expressive features, and ways of organizing them, cause different responses;		E. recognize and reflect on the effects of arranging visual characteristics in their own and others' work;	
C. use the elements of art and principles of design to communicate ideas.		F. select and use the elements of art and principles of design to improve communication of their ideas.	

#### **Strand: Content**

# III. Achievement Standard:

Students will consider, select and apply a range of subject matter, symbols and ideas.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. discuss a variety of sources for art content;		C. consider, select from and apply a variety of sources for art	
B. select and use subject matter, symbols and ideas to communicate meaning.		content in order to communicate intended meaning;	
J		D. consider and compare the sources for subject matter, symbols and ideas in their own and others' work.	

# **Strand: History and Culture**

## **IV. Achievement Standard:**

Students will understand the visual arts in relation to history and cultures.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
A. recognize that the visual arts have a history and a variety of cultural purposes and meanings;		D. know and compare the characteristics and purposes of works of art representing various cultures, historical periods and artists;	
<ul> <li>B. identify specific works of art as belonging to particular styles, cultures, times and places;</li> </ul>		E. describe and place a variety of specific significant art objects by artist, style and historical and cultural	
C. create art work that demonstrates understanding of how history or culture can		context;  F. analyze, describe and	
influence visual art.		demonstrate how factors of time and place (such as climate, natural resources, ideas and technology) influence visual characteristics that give meaning and value to a work of art.	

# **Strand: Analysis, Interpretation, and Evaluation**

## V. Achievement Standard:

Students will reflect upon, describe, analyze, interpret and evaluate their own and others' work.

Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
	G. describe and analyze visual characteristics of works of art using visual art terminology:	
	H. compare a variety of individual responses to, and interpretations of, their own	
	works of art and those from various eras and cultures;	
	<ul><li>I. describe their own responses to, and interpretations of, specific works of art;</li></ul>	
	J. reflect on and evaluate the quality and effectiveness of	
	using specific criteria (e.g., technique, formal and expressive qualities, content);	
	<ul><li>K. describe/analyze their own artistic growth over time in relation to specific criteria.</li></ul>	
	Notes	G. describe and analyze visual characteristics of works of art using visual art terminology;  H. compare a variety of individual responses to, and interpretations of, their own works of art and those from various eras and cultures;  I. describe their own responses to, and interpretations of, specific works of art;  J. reflect on and evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others' work using specific criteria (e.g., technique, formal and expressive qualities, content);  K. describe/analyze their own artistic growth over time in

## **Strand: Connections**

#### **VI. Achievement Standard:**

Students will make connections between the visual arts, other disciplines and daily life.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
A. identify connections between characteristics of the visual arts and other arts disciplines;		F. compare the characteristics of works in the visual arts and other art forms that share similar subject matter,	
B. identify connections between the visual arts and other disciplines in the curriculum;		themes, purposes, historical periods or cultural context;	
C. describe how the visual arts are combined with other arts in multimedia work;		G. describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of the visual arts and other disciplines taught in school are interrelated;	
D. demonstrate understanding of how the visual arts are used in the world around us;		H. combine the visual arts with another art form to create coherent multimedia work;	
E. recognize that works of visual art are produced by artisans and artists working in different cultures, times and places.		<ol> <li>apply visual arts knowledge and skills to solve problems common in daily life; identify various careers that are available to artists.</li> </ol>	

# **DANCE ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS**

**I. Elements and Skills** Students will identify and perform movement elements and

dance skills.

**II. Choreography** Students will understand choreographic principles, processes

and structures.

**III. Meaning** Students will understand how dance creates and communicates

meaning.

**IV. Thinking Skills** Students will apply analytical and evaluative thinking skills

in dance.

**V. History And Cultures** Students will demonstrate an understanding of dance in

various cultures and historical periods.

VI. Healthful Living Students will make connections between dance and healthful

living.

**VII. Connections** Students will make connections between dance, other disciplines

and daily life.

"On the threshold of the Third Millennium, my hope for all of you who are artists is that you will have an especially intense experience of creative inspiration.

May the beauty which you will pass on to generations to come be such that it will stir them to wonder!"

Pope John Paul, II

#### Strand: Elements and Skills

#### I. Achievement Standard:

A. Students will identify and perform movement elements and dance skills.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
<ul> <li>Demonstrate non-locomotor movements (such as bend, twist, stretch, swing, sway)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>demonstrate the following movement skills and explain the underlying principles: alignment,</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>demonstrate eight basic locomotor movements (walk, run, hop, jump, leap, gallop, slide and skip), traveling</li> </ul>		balance, initiation of movement, articulation of isolated body parts, weight shift, elevation and landing	
forward, backward, sideward, diagonally and turning		<ul> <li>identify and demonstrate longer and more complex steps and patterns</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>demonstrate understanding of spatial concepts through, for example: shape-making at low, middle and high levels;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>transfer a spatial pattern from the visual to the kinesthetic</li> </ul>	
defining and maintaining personal space; and demonstrating movements in straight and curved pathways		<ul> <li>transfer a rhythmic pattern from sound to movement; • identify and demonstrate a range of</li> </ul>	

•	demonstrate accuracy in
	moving to a musical beat and
	responding to changes in
	tempo

- identify and demonstrate basic dynamic contrasts (slow/quick, gentle/strong); demonstrate kinesthetic awareness and concentration in performing movement skills
- demonstrate accuracy in memorizing and reproducing simple movement phrases
- observe and describe the movement elements (action, space, dynamics) in a brief movement study.

dynamics/movement qualities

- demonstrate increasing kinesthetic awareness, concentration and focus in performing a range of movement skills
- memorize and reproduce movement sequences and dances
- describe the movement elements observed in a dance, using appropriate movement/dance vocabulary.

# **Strand: Choreography**

## II. Achievement Standard:

B. Students will understand choreographic principles, processes and structures.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
<ul> <li>use improvisation to discover and invent movement and to solve movement problems;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>use improvisation to generate movement for choreography</li> </ul>	
create a sequence or simple dance with a beginning, middle and end, both with and without a rhythmic accompaniment, and identify each of these sequence parts		<ul> <li>create sequences and simple dances that demonstrate the principles of, for example, repetition, contrast, transition and climax</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>create a dance phrase, repeat it, and then vary it (making changes in the time, space, and/or force/energy)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>demonstrate successfully the structures or forms of AB, ABA, canon, call and response, and narrative</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>demonstrate the ability to work effectively alone and with a partner</li> <li>demonstrate the following</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>demonstrate the ability to work cooperatively in pairs and small groups during the choreographic process</li> </ul>	
partner skills: copying, leading and following, mirroring improvise, create and perform simple dances based on concepts suggested by the teacher and their own feelings		<ul> <li>demonstrate the following partner skills: creating contrasting and complementary shapes, taking and supporting</li> </ul>	

and ideas	weight, balance and counterbalance;
<ul> <li>identify and describe the choreographic structure of their own dances in simple terms.</li> </ul>	describe and analyze the choreographic structure of dance viewed in class, in the theatre, or on video.

# **Strand: Meaning**

## **III. Achievement Standard:**

Students will understand how dance creates and communicates meaning.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
observe and discuss how		effectively demonstrate	
dance is different from		the difference between	
other forms of human		pantomiming and creating	
movement (such as sports,		abstract meaning through	
everyday gestures);		dance movement;	
• take an active role in a		observe and explain how	
class discussion about		different accompaniment	
interpretations of and		(such as sound, music,	
reactions to dances that		spoken text) can affect the	
are either produced in		meaning of a dance;	
class or viewed in the			
theatre or on video;		<ul><li>demonstrate and/or</li></ul>	
		explain how lighting and	
<ul> <li>present their own dances</li> </ul>		costuming can contribute	
to peers and discuss their		to the meaning of a dance;	
meanings with confidence.			
		<ul><li>explain the meaning of</li></ul>	
		one of their own dances.	

# Strand: Thinking Skills

# **IV. Achievement Standard:**

Students will apply analytical and evaluative thinking skills in dance.

Novice	<b>Assessment and</b>	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
explore, discover and realize		create a movement idea and	
multiple solutions to a given		demonstrate multiple	
movement problem, choose their		interpretations, choose the most	
favorite solution and discuss the		effective and discuss the reasons	
reasons for their choice;		for their choice;	
observe two dances and discuss		compare and contrast two	
how they are similar and different in		dance compositions in terms of	
terms of one of the elements of		space (such as shape and	
dance (such as space) by observing		pathways), time (such as rhythm	
body shapes, levels, pathways;		and tempo), and force/energy	
		(movement qualities);	
<ul> <li>demonstrate appropriate audience</li> </ul>			
behavior in watching dance		• identify possible aesthetic	
performances, and discuss their		criteria for evaluating dance (such	
opinions about the dances with their		as skill of performers, originality,	
peers in a supportive and		visual and/or emotional impact,	
constructive way.		variety and contrast, clarity of	
		idea).	

# **Strand: History and Culture**

## V. Achievement Standard:

Students will demonstrate an understanding of dance in various cultures and historical periods.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
<ul> <li>perform folk dances from various cultures with competence and confidence;</li> </ul>		competently perform folk, traditional and/or classical dances from various cultures or time periods, and describe similarities	
<ul> <li>perform a dance from a resource in their own community, and describe the cultural and/or historical context (how and why this dance is/was performed);</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>and differences in steps and movement styles;</li> <li>competently perform folk, social and/or theatrical dances from a broad spectrum of 20th century America;</li> </ul>	
• answer questions about dance in a particular culture and time period (for example: In colonial America, why and in what settings did people dance? What did the dances look like?).		• learn from resources (such as people, books and videos) in their own community a folk dance of a different culture or a social dance of a different time period and the cultural/historical context of that dance, effectively sharing the dance and its context with their peers;	
		describe the role of dance in at least two different cultures or time periods.	

# **Strand: Healthful Living**

# **VI. Achievement Standard:**

F. Students will make connections between dance and healthful living.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
identify at least three personal		• identify at least three personal	
goals to improve themselves as		goals to improve themselves as	
dancers;		dancers and steps they are taking	
•		to reach those goals;	
<ul> <li>describe the skeleton and how it</li> </ul>		,	
works in simple terms;		identify major muscle groups	
·		and how they work together to	
<ul> <li>explain how healthful practices</li> </ul>		produce movement;	
(such as nutrition, safety) enhance			
their ability to dance, citing multiple		create their own warm-up and	
examples.		discuss how that warm-up	
		prepares the body and mind for	
		expressive purposes;	
		a explain strategies to provent	
		explain strategies to prevent	
		dance injuries.	

## **Strand: Connections**

# VII. Achievement Standard:

Students will make connections between dance, other disciplines and daily life.

Novice	Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
create a dance project that reveals		cite examples of concepts used	
understanding of a concept or idea		in dance and another discipline	
from another discipline (such as		outside the arts (such as balance,	
pattern in dance and science)		shape, pattern)	
respond to a dance using another		create a dance project that	
art form, and explain the connections		explores and expresses important	
between the dance and their		ideas from another arts discipline	
response to it (for example, making a		(such as foreground and	
painting about a dance and		background, or color, in visual	
describing the connections);		art);	
video record a simple dance (after)		video record a dance produced	
collaborative planning in small		in class, intensifying or changing	
groups) which successfully shows		the meaning of the dance through	
the concept or idea that drives the		the recording process.	
dance.			

## THEATRE ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS

["Theatre" includes live improvised and scripted work as well as film, television and other electronic media.]

I. Creating Students will create theatre through improvising, writing and refining scripts.

II. Acting Students will act by developing, communicating and sustaining characters.

**III. Technical Production** Students will design and produce the technical elements of theatre through artistic interpretation and execution.

**IV.** Directing Students will direct by planning or interpreting works of theatre and by organizing

and conducting rehearsals.

V. Researching And Students will research, evaluate and apply **Interpreting** 

cultural and historical information to make artistic choices.

**VI. Connections** Students will make connections between theatre, other disciplines and daily life.

**VII. Analysis, Criticism** Students will analyze, critique and construct And Meaning meanings from works of theatre.

**VIII. History And Cultures** Students will demonstrate an understanding of context by

analyzing and comparing theatre in various cultures and

historical periods.

"On the threshold of the Third Millennium, my hope for all of you who are artists is that you will have an especially intense experience of creative inspiration. May the beauty which you will pass on to generations to come be such that it will stir them to wonder!" Pope John Paul, II

# **Strand: Creating**

## I. Achievement Standard:

Students will create theatre through improvising, writing and refining scripts.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
	and Notes		Notes
<ul> <li>collaborate to select interrelated</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>individually and in groups,</li> </ul>	
characters, environments and		develop characters,	
situations for classroom		environments and actions that	
dramatizations;		create tension and suspense;	
• improvise dialogue to tell stories,		refine and record dialogue	
and formalize improvisations by		and action.	
writing or recording the dialogue.			

# **Strand: Acting**

# II. Achievement Standard:

Students will act by developing, communicating and sustaining characters.

Novice (Grades 1-4)	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate (Grades 5-8)	Assessment and Notes
imagine and clearly describe characters, their relationships and their environments;		analyze dramatic text to discover, articulate and justify character motivation;	
<ul> <li>use variations of locomotor and nonlocomotor movement and vocal pitch, tempo and tone for different characters;</li> <li>assume roles (based on personal experience and heritage, imagination, literature and history) in classroom dramatizations.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>invent character behaviors based on the observation of interactions, ethical choices and emotional responses of people;</li> <li>use acting skills (such as sensory recall, concentration, breath control, diction, body alignment, control of isolated body parts) to develop characterizations that reflect artistic choices;</li> <li>in an ensemble, interact as the invented characters.</li> </ul>	

## **Strand: Technical Production**

## **III. Achievement Standard:**

Students will design and produce the technical elements of theatre through artistic interpretation and execution.

Novice	<b>Assessment</b>	Intermediate	<b>Assessment and</b>
(Grades 1-4)	and Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
design the playing space to		describe and use the	
communicate characters and action		relationship among scenery,	
in specific locales;		properties, lighting, sound,	
		costumes and makeup in	
<ul> <li>collaborate to select and safely</li> </ul>		creating an environment	
organize available materials that		appropriate for the drama;	
suggest scenery, properties, lighting,			
sound, costumes and makeup.		analyze improvised and	
		scripted scenes for technical	
		requirements;	
		develop the environment	
		using visual elements (line,	
		texture, color, space), visual	
		principles (repetition, balance,	
		emphasis, contrast, unity) and	
		aural qualities (pitch, rhythm,	
		dynamics, tempo, expression)	
		from traditional and	
		nontraditional sources;	

	<ul> <li>work collaboratively and safely</li> </ul>	
	to select and create elements of	
	scenery, properties, lighting and	
	sound to signify environments,	
	and costumes and makeup to	
	suggest character.	

# **Strand: Directing**

## **IV. Achievement Standard:**

Students will direct by planning or interpreting works of theatre and by organizing and conducting rehearsals.

Novice	Assessment	Intermediate	Assessment and
(Grades 1-4)	and Notes	(Grades 5-8)	Notes
collaboratively plan and prepare		demonstrate social, group and	
improvisations and demonstrate		consensus skills by leading small	
various ways of staging classroom		groups in planning visual and	
dramatizations.		aural elements and in rehearsing	
		improvised and scripted scenes.	

# **Strand: Researching and Interpreting**

## V. Achievement Standard:

Students will research, evaluate and apply cultural and historical information to make artistic choices.

Novice		Assessment and	Intermediate	Assessment and						
	(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	notes						
	communicate information to		apply research from print and							
	peers about people, events,		non-print sources to script							
	time and place related to		writing, acting, design and							
	classroom dramatizations.		directing choices.							

# **Strand: Connections**

## **VI. Achievement Standard:**

Students will make connections between theatre, other disciplines and daily life.

Novice: Assessment		Intermediate	<b>Assessment and Notes</b>
(Grades 1-4)	Notes	(Grades 5-8)	
describe visual, aural, oral		describe characteristics and	
and kinetic elements in theatre,		compare the presentation of	
dance, music and visual arts;		characters, environments and	
		actions in theatre, dance and	
• compare how ideas and		visual arts;	
emotions are expressed in			
theatre, dance, music and		• incorporate elements of	
visual arts;		dance, music and visual arts to	
·		express ideas and emotions in	
• select movement, music or		improvised and scripted scenes;	
visual elements to enhance			
the mood of a classroom		express and compare	
dramatization;		personal reactions to several	
,		art forms;	
identify connections		describe and compare the	
between theatre and other		functions and interaction of	
disciplines in the curriculum;		performing artists, visual artists	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		and audience members in	
identify various careers		theatre, dance, music and visual arts;	
available to theatre artists.			
available to tricatic artists.			

describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of theatre and other arts disciplines taught in school are interrelated;
<ul> <li>explain how social concepts such as cooperation, communication, collaboration, consensus, self esteem, risk taking, sympathy and empathy apply in theatre and daily life;</li> <li>explain the knowledge, skills and discipline needed to pursue careers and vocational opportunities in theatre.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Analysis, Criticism, and Meaning

## **VII. Achievement Standard:**

Students will analyze, critique and construct meanings from works of theatre.

Novice	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)		(Grades 5-8)	
identify and describe the		describe and analyze the	
visual, aural, oral and kinetic		effect of publicity, study guides,	
elements of classroom		programs and physical	
dramatizations and dramatic		environments on audience	
performances;		response and appreciation of	
and the bank the analysis and		dramatic performances;	
explain how the wants and     and a fallow the wants are similar.			
needs of characters are similar		<ul> <li>articulate and support the</li> </ul>	
to and different from their own;		meanings constructed from	
articulate emotional		dramatic performances;	
responses to and explain			
personal preferences about		<ul> <li>use articulated criteria to</li> </ul>	
whole dramatic performances		describe, analyze and	
as well as parts of those		constructively evaluate the	
performances;		effectiveness of artistic choices	
,		in dramatic performances;	
analyze classroom			
dramatizations and, using		<ul> <li>describe and evaluate the</li> </ul>	
appropriate terminology,		effectiveness of students'	
constructively suggest (1)		contributions (as playwrights,	
alternative ideas for		actors, designers and directors)	
dramatizing roles, arranging		to the collaborative process of	
environments and developing		developing improvised and	
situations and (2) means of		scripted scenes.	
improving the collaborative			
processes of planning, playing,			
responding and evaluating.			

# **Strand: History and Culture**

## **VIII. Achievement Standard:**

Students will demonstrate an understanding of context by analyzing and comparing theatre in various cultures and historical periods.

Novice	Assessment and Notes	Intermediate	Assessment and Notes
(Grades 1-4)		(Grades 5-8)	
<ul> <li>identify and compare similar characters and situations in stories and dramas from and</li> </ul>		describe and compare universal characters and situations in dramas from and	
about various cultures, create classroom dramatizations based on these stories and dramas, and discuss how theatre reflects life;		about various cultures and historical periods, create improvised and scripted scenes based on these universal characters and situations, and discuss how theatre reflects	
• identify and compare the various cultural settings and reasons for creating dramas and attending theatre.		<ul> <li>a culture;</li> <li>analyze the emotional and social impact of dramatic events in their lives, in the community and in other cultures;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>explain how culture affects the content and design elements of dramatic performances.</li> </ul>	

## Fine Arts and Technology Resources

#### **VISUAL ARTS**

http://www.Christusrex.org

Vatican art work

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Technology

Art and Technology Resources

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Fine%20Art

Fine Art Images

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#History

Art History

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Timelines

**Art History Timelines** 

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Links

**Art Internet Resources** 

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Literacy

Visual Literacy

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Resource

**Educational Resources** 

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Art%20Education%20Resources

**Art Education Resources** 

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Plans

Art Lesson Plans

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Perspective

### Perspective - Drawing - Design

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Color

Color Theory - Using Color

"Know the Artist" Internet Research Lesson

<u>The Art Teacher's Guide to the Internet</u> by Craig Roland. Must have book from <u>Davis Publications</u>. Compilation of the best resources on line plus steps to building your own web site. See the <u>companion web site</u> for teacher files, student activities and more.

LT Technologies - Kid Pix Classroom applications for math, science, social studies and language arts.

KidPix For educators and parents.

KidPix Tutorial and Lesson Plans - Links compiled by Harold Olejarz

Kings Park Elementary School Technology Lessons

Giga Palette Site dedicated to the collaboration of the Visual Arts and Technology. Innovative projects that promote creative self-expression and divergent thinking. Excellent lesson plans for middle school.

Harold Olejarz -- From Prints to Pixels - Using Digital Images in the Classroom. Links to image sites and lessons plans using digital images.

Creating and Managing a Class Web Site, an online tutorial for teachers interested in web page development. Harold Olejarz

<u>Digital Imaging</u> - Seventh-grade students use digital cameras, scanners, imaging software, printers and computers to explore the artistic potential of new imaging technology and solve visual problems. Harold Olejarz

PhotoShop Elements Tutorials and Lesson Plans - Links compiled by Harold Olejarz

<u>Digital Video</u> - Students learn to become more media literate. They learn to plan and produce video projects, decode images and messages within media and decide what makes a powerful and effective message. Harold Olejarz.

Digital Video Presentation - Software suggestions and lesson ideas - by Harold Olejarz. Forms - student handouts available too.

<u>Infiddle School Lesson Plans</u> from Alix Peshette, R.W. Emerson Jr. High in Davis, California. Check out her computer science program. Excellent online lessons and links to fun activities for kids.

Middle School Lessons - from Renee Berge, Mitchell Middle School. Digital photo editing, Clay animation and more.

<u>Teach Animation</u> - Karin Gunn, animation and photography teacher at West Port High School, Ocala, FL, has created a website designed to help teachers teach animation in the classroom. The site includes examples of student animation projects - using low tech and high tech methods. See <u>Current Student Examples</u>

Technology Lesson Plans Computer graphics lessons using PC Paint -- by Carolyn Roberts- Kinston High School. See how Renee Berge (Mitchell Middle School) has used these plans - More PC Paint projects.

<u>Wicrosoft Paint Lesson Plans</u> Lessons from classes taught by Diana Hunter -- adjunct instructor for Ivy Tech State College and OASIS (Older Adult Services and Information Systems). Easy to follow <u>Tessellation by Kenneth Cole</u>.

PowerPoint Tutorials - from Internet4Classrooms. Both basic and advanced skills are included in these on-line tutorials for PowerPoint

Artists E-Reports - from Lazelle Parker, Cave Springs Jr. High. Students created a report of 19th or 20th century artists. Resources online.

Creating a Class Web Site This site is designed to help teachers create a class web site - by Kerry Marquis.

Web Class Page - Curriculum by Woody Duncan. Lessons using PhotoShop and Web page design using Netscape Composer.

Video Production G. Osborne, Instructor, Emerald Ridge High School.

WhyArt.com: Transforming Education Through Art. Lessons for Middle School students integrating technology. Lessons by Michael Garrish.

Discover Design Design Site -product design. Create a watch online and more fun activities. Great site to use with middle school students!

Art and Technology - Encouraging Technology Innovation in Art Education. Site created by Bettie Lake.

Art In Technological Times: San Francisco Museum of Modern Art. A technological challenge? Lots of special effects!

<u>Teachable Moment: Photographic Truth in the Digital Era</u> Gain visual awareness -- Advances in digital technology mean that anyone with a computer and image-manipulation software can easily cut and paste a wide range of images into an apparently seamless whole. Learn to separate truth from fabrication in photos that appear to be real. <u>Search site for more lessons.</u>

3-D Digital manipulation with Rhino-ceros® Software

Adobe PhotoShop® Artist's site - Craig Mullins

Photoshop® artist - Derek Lea - artist from Toronto, Ontario, Canada. His illustration work is a unique combination of original photography, traditional illustration, and digital art.

Good Tutorials - Adobe Photoshop Tutorials Links to 2085 tutorials around the web. Note: Site has banner advertising. Took a long time to load last I checked - preview first.

<u>Aardman</u> Aardman Animations was founded in 1972 by David Sproxton and Peter Lord. The legendary clay character Morph made his first appearance in 1976, in Take Hart. Go to "Culture" and then "Meet the People" you get a behind the scenes look at production. See some videos online (check ads before using with students).

Clay Animation "How to" page. Click on next to move to more "how to do claymation" or click on index to find out what all is available on this site.

Jim McNeill's Movies So much fun, you will want to see them all! Mr. Mc.Neill says the software is easy to learn.

Ani-Mato Animation, Stop Motion and 3-D Movies. Fun site by Jan-Eric Nystrom.

**Catapult Productions- 3-D Animations** 

Animation Bureau site include 3-D animation and some video clips.

Constructor Software Online--combines math-science and art. Fun to play.

Math Art Gallery-- knots and 3-D fractals- animations

Visual Music by Brian Evans - Digital Fine art

Digital Photography Short course--information on a number of topics

Kathy Schrock's Home Page Teacher reference site for integrating technology into the curriculum.

**Just Imagine Art Gallery** 

Features: Online gallery of digital art in the fantasy / science fiction - surreal work by artist Dan Campbell

<u>Winnesota Arts Collection of Digital Art and Computer Art</u> Collection curated by James Michael Lawrence.

Whitney Museum ARTPORT - Web art gallery - portal includes current "gate pages", that point to the work of selected artists and change monthly, along with an archive of gate pages dating back to 2001.

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Links

### Angels on the Web

http://www.isidore-of-seville.com/angels/

Annotated web directory to information on angels in the Christian, Jewish and Muslim faiths. Includes a categorized collection of thumbnails and links to over 550 images of Angels from Medieval manuscripts to contemporary computer art.

#### Art a GoGo

http://www.artagogo.com/

"Art over easy" -- this site provides links to museums, events, exhibitions, and ways to learn about art in an easy-to-read, jargon-free style.

#### **Art History Resources on the Web**

http://witcombe.sbc.edu/ARTHLinks.html

This comprehensive Art History resource organizes links by civilization and then by subheadings, such as Prehistoric Art with Paleolithic, Mesolithic, and Neolithic Art subheadings. It proceeds through Ancient Near East, Ancient Egypt, Ancient Greece, Ancient Rome, Art in Early Europe, Art in the Middle Ages, into the Renaissance, and

so on. It then organizes contemporary links by country and also offers links to art museums and galleries.

#### Art Industri

http://www.artindustri.com/

"The world of art at your fingertips." A comprehensive site with everything you ever wanted to know about art. Includes directories of artists, icons and motifs, movements, resources, and more.

#### The Artchive

http://www.artchive.com/

Over 2,000 scanned images of fine art, historical background on art and artists, theory and criticism, and rotating "gallery" exhibitions.

#### Artcyclopedia

http://www.artcyclopedia.com/

Over 700 leading arts sites indexed to create a searchable, thorough database of online images of visual art and the locations of the original works worldwide.

#### **ArtNet**

http://www.artnet.com/

Excellent resource for images, artist biographies, auction results, art books for sale, galleries and museum exhibitions, and art research resources, with a focus on contemporary art and artists.

#### **AskART**

http://www.askart.com/AskART/index.aspx

AskART.com is the world's most comprehensive database about North American artists. Information includes dates, states, methods, biographies, subjects for which best known, a decade by decade breakdown of 20th century literature in which they are referenced, and total number of auction lots sold and unsold of their works." Also find dealers who are affiliated with each artist, museums where their works are held, and, for some artists, image galleries of their works.

#### The British Museum

http://www.britishmuseum.org/default.aspx

Images of famous works owned by the British Museum are pictured here, along with the history of the museum and general information about collections, exhibits, departments, tours, and events. Educational materials about the cultures represented in the Museum's collections are also available here.

### The Cranky Librarian

http://crankylibrarian.com/

Search for public domain books and art works online here, as well as searching by author and artist.

### Education by Design: The Bienes Center's WPA Museum Extension Project Collection

http://digital.browardlibrary.org/wpa/

An online exhibit and digital database of over 700 educational and visual aids from a collection at the Broward County (FL) Main Library produced under the Works Administration Program (WPA) between 1935 and 1943. The site also includes a brief history of the WPA and a select bibliography.

#### The Hermitage Museum

http://www.hermitagemuseum.org/

The official website of the Hermitage Museum has online exhibits and a lot of information. Available in English or Russian.

#### Latin American Art Directory: South American, Central American, Mexican and Caribbean Art Gallery

http://www.latinart.com/index.cfm

The Latin American Art Directory is an online journal for Latin arts and culture. This site allows you to read biographies and interview transcripts with famous Latin American artists; read current articles on issues in the Latin America artists' community; view and review Latin art collections from major museums; and browse a directory of museums and other institutions housing Latin art collections. Available in both English and Spanish.

#### Making Sense of Marcel Duchamp

http://www.understandingduchamp.com/

This is a multimedia timeline of the works of the sculptor, painter and author, Marcel Duchamp. Through animation, you can interact with Duchamp's artworks. Look for the bibliography at the end of the timeline.

#### The National Museum of Women in the Arts

http://www.nmwa.org/

"The only museum in the world dedicated exclusively to recognizing the contributions of women artists. In the pages that follow you will discover a wealth of information about the museum, selected artists, our collection, and many services. You may choose to examine images of works from our permanent collection. Artist profiles feature the lives of selected women artists and corresponding bibliographies lead you to new sources of information."

### Off the Map: Tour Backyard Paradises

Off the Map, provided by PBS, provides video tours of unique individual works of visual art such as Bottle Village, Windmill Park, Salvation Mountain, the Forevertron, and other unique creations, with special information and biographies about the individuals who created them. This site requires Flash.

### Pictures Catalogue: The National Library of Australia's Pictorial Collection

http://www.nla.gov.au/catalogue/pictures/

"This catalogue contains descriptions of paintings, drawings, prints, photographs and three-dimensional objects held in the Pictorial Collection of the National Library of Australia. The emphasis is on Australian material, with some material relating to New Zealand, Antarctica, Papua New Guinea and the Pacific. The main time period covered is late eighteenth century to the present day. The Collection includes thousands of portraits of significant Australians. The Pictorial Collection contains approximately 45,000 paintings and 550,000 photographs; most of this material has been catalogued with individual descriptions or collection summaries. All these descriptions and summaries can be

searched on this database. Of the material that has been catalogued, over 30,000 items have been digitised. These images are available through this catalogue, for research and study purposes."

#### **Smithsonian Archives of American Art**

http://artarchives.si.edu/home.cfm

Featuring the extensive collections of the Archives of American Art, this website offers access to "an endless treasure trove of raw material for art historians and scholars in other fields to explore."

#### Taoism and the Arts of China

http://www.artic.edu/taoism/

This site provides essays on the Taoist tradition, illustrated by works from the Art Insitute of Chicago's *Taoism and the Arts of China* exhibit. Glossary links within the text assist the reader in understanding the important terms and concepts associated with Taoism. The site also includes lesson plans and an extensive list of references.

#### the-artists.org

http://www.the-artists.org/

the-artists.org features an "extended database of 20th Century and contemporary visual artists. The masters of the past hundred years are represented with their portrait, dates and places of birth and death, with links to webresources to find anything you want to know about them, with images of their work, comprehensive biographies and articles, and if it exists, the artist's personal website."

### University of Virginia, Bayly Art Museum: Virtual Exhibitions

http://www.uva.edu/~bayly/

Five online exhibitions: "Universes in Collision: Men and Women in 19th-Century Japanese Prints", "In Our Time: Contemporary Art from the Bayly Art Museum Collections", "The Power of Woe, the Power of Life: Images of Women in Prints from the Renaissance to the Present", "African Art: Aesthetics and Meaning", and "The Art of the African Mask". Each exhibit includes extensive text and digital images. "In Our Time" exhibit includes QuickTime VR(QTVR) interactive browsing.

#### **WebMuseum**

http://www.ibiblio.org/wm/

The WebMuseum is a non-profit collaborative effort on the part of many museums and galleries worldwide to provide access to visual images tht are out of copyright. Images, exhibitions, an index of artists, and a glossary of art terms may be found here.

www.internetpubliclibrarv.org

#### MUSIC

#### African-American Sheet Music, 1850-1920

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/award97/rpbhtml/

"This collection consists of 1,305 pieces of African-American sheet music dating from 1850 through 1920. The collection includes many songs from the heyday of antebellum black face minstrelsy in the 1850s and from the abolitionist movement of the same period. Numerous titles are associated with the novel and the play Uncle Tom's Cabin. Civil War period music includes songs about African-American soldiers and the plight of the newly emancipated slave. Post-Civil War music reflects the problems of Reconstruction and the beginnings of urbanization and the northern migration of African Americans. African-American popular composers include James Bland, Ernest Hogan, Bob Cole, James Reese

Europe, and Will Marion Cook. Twentieth century titles feature many photographs of African-American musical performers, often in costume. Unlike many other sorts of published works, sheet music can be produced rapidly in response to an event or public interest, and thus is a source of relatively unmediated and unrevised perspectives on quickly changing events and public attitudes. Particularly significant in this collection are the visual depictions of African Americans which provide much information about racial attitudes over the course of the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries."

#### **All Music Guide**

http://www.allmusic.com/

This is "a complete online database of recorded music." It has a search engine that allows searching by artist name, album title, song title, label, and musical style. Biographies, full discographies, and album reviews are available for artists. Essays and a glossary are provided as is a unique feature: music maps, which trace a particular style's development from other musicical styles.

#### **American Music Resource**

http://www.uncg.edu/mus/courses/flmccart/amr/index.html

AMR contains bibliographies, lists and text files about all styles of American music and related issues. The collection is indexed by subject-name (i.e. the last names of composers) or topic-name (e.g. Electro-acoustic music).

#### **Carolina Classical Connection**

http://www.carolinaclassical.com/links.html

"An index of Classical Music Web site links covering all historical periods from the Middle Ages through the 20th Century."

#### Center for Black Music Research

http://www.cbmr.org/

"CBMR is a research organization conducting musicological research in all genres of black music throughout the world. The site includes excellent <u>capsule definitions</u> of the styles and genres studied at CBMR, including African American styles such as blues and jazz, as well as African Music and Afro-Caribbean styles." The site also includes <u>extensive</u> <u>bibliographies</u> and some information about CBMR's holdings.

#### The Ceolas Celtic Music Archive

http://www.ceolas.org/ceolas.html

Information about Celtic/Irish music, including discographies of Celtic artists and upcoming tour schedules, and information about Celtic instruments.

#### **Choral Public Domain Library**

http://www.cpdl.org/wiki/index.php/Main\_Page

"The largest website devoted exclusively to free choral sheet music. Begun in December 1998, the site has over 140 contributors and 3,200 scores." Search by title or composer, or browse in the following categories: chant, medieval, renaissance, baroque, classical, romantic, early-20th, or modern.

#### **Classical Music Home Page**

http://www.classical.net/music/

"The purpose of this home page is to provide a point-of-entry into various informational files about classical music, as well as links to other interesting web sites." Sections include: Basic Repertoire List, Classical CD Buying Guide, Recommended Recordings, and Composer Data. Searchable.

### **Composer Biographies**

http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/users/mn200/music/composers.html

A site of brief biographical sketches of some of the more well-known classical composers.

### Dr. Estrella's Incredibly Abridged Dictionary of Composers

http://www.stevenestrella.com/composers/index.html

"A chronological listing of famous composers of Western Music. Each listing contains accurate birth and death dates and the country of origin. Several of the entries also are linked to biographical essays and other sites on the web." Organized by musical period and by composer name.

#### **DW3 Classical Music Resources**

http://www.lib.duke.edu/dw3/SPT--BrowseResources.php?ParentI...

"DW3 (Duke World Wide Web) Classical Music Resources is a comprehensive collection of classical music resources on the Web with links to more than 1,600 non-commercial pages/sites in over a dozen languages. The site is comprised of 107 well organized, subject-specific pages and features a powerful, easy-to-use internal search engine; multiple access points for hundreds of entries, including "see" and "see also" references; and composer-specific pages and links organized by historical period for enhanced browsing."

#### 8notes.com

http://www.8notes.com/

An extensive collection of free, downloadable sheet music and lessons. Categorized by instrument and musical styles (popular, classical, film, christmas, etc.). Also includes short pieces and riffs. Site has a search function, chat forum, and newsletter.

#### **Eric's Treasure Trove of Music**

http://www.treasure-troves.com/music/

Contains detailed articles that explain concepts in music theory.

#### **Essentials of Music**

http://www.essentialsofmusic.com/

Basic information about classical music. Biographies of seventy composers, overview of the six main periods in Western music, and a glossary of terms.

### **Etext Center - Negro Spirituals**

http://etext.lib.virginia.edu/toc/modeng/public/HigSpir.html

The online text from the Electronic Text Center at the University of Virginia Library. These spirituals were originally collected by Thomas Wentworth Higginson (1823-1911).

#### Folk Alley

http://www.folkalley.com/

Listen to streaming folk music 24 hours a day. This online radio station plays only folk, world, and acoustic music. Free registration is required.

#### A Guide to Medieval and Renaissance Instruments

http://www.music.iastate.edu/antiqua/instrumt.html

This site showcases Musica Antiqua's large replica instrument collection by supplying photos, descriptions, original quotes, additional sources, and sounds of the instruments used in performing early music.

#### **Historic American Sheet Music Project**

http://scriptorium.lib.duke.edu/sheetmusic/

"The Historic American Sheet Music Project provides access to digital images of 3,042 pieces from the collection, published in America between 1850 and 1920."

#### Huapala: Hawaiian Music and Hula Archive

http://kaiu@huapala.org/

An extensive collection of traditional Hawaiian song, dance, and tradition.

#### **International Music Archives**

http://www.eyeneer.com/World/index.html

"An educational resource providing extensive information about the music of our planet." The articles include information about countries and region and their musical styles. Other articles discuss the world musics, international instruments, and profiles of artists. Most articles include related sound samples and photographs.

### The Lied and Song Texts Page

http://www.recmusic.org/lieder/

"WWW archive of thousands of texts to Kunstlieder and other art songs in Czech, Dutch, English, Finnish, French, German, Hebrew, Italian, Latin, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Slovak, Spanish, and Swedish."

#### Max Hunter Folk Song Collection

http://maxhunter.missouristate.edu/

A large collection of Ozark Mountain folk songs recorded between 1956 and 1976. They were collected by Max Hunter, a traveling salesman. The songs are available as printed lyrics or in audio format. Some include sheet music.

#### MHN Instrument Encyclopedia

http://www.si.umich.edu/CHICO/MHN/enclpdia.html

A Yahoo! Pick of the Week (10-26-98), the Instrument Encyclopedia "Begins with more than 140 artifacts from the Sterns Collection at the University of Michigan" and "features musical instruments from around the world." Searchable by name, geographic region, building materials used and the Sachs Hobostel classification scheme, the database provides users with instrument images, textual descriptions and an occasional sound file. Please Note: a frames-capable browser is required.

#### The Mozart Project

http://www.mozartproject.org/

Contains a biography of Mozart (with chronology and family tree), a listing of his compositions (by date and category), selected essays about him and his music, plus reviews of books on Mozart. Also includes links to more Mozart resources online.

### MPA Copyright Search Resource Guide

http://www.mpa.org/

"Are you looking for the publisher of a piece of music?" This website serves as a guide to other databases that may help you find the music copyright information that you are looking for.

#### The Muse's Muse

http://www.musesmuse.com/

A resource for songwriters with a monthly newsletter, articles, sample songs, a list of music organizations, and links to related sites.

#### Music for the Nation: American Sheet Music, 1870-1885

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/smhtml/

"Consists of over 47,000 pieces of sheet music registered for copyright during the years 1870 to 1885. Included are popular songs, piano music, sacred and secular choral music, solo instrumental music, method books and instructional materials, and music for band and orchestra." Search by keyword or browse indexes of authors, titles, or subjects. The sheet music is viewable online as page images.

#### **Music Notes**

http://library.thinkquest.org/15413/

Subtitled "An Interactive Online Musical Experience," this detailed and well-researched Web site covers many aspects of music, including music theory and history, musical styles, music professions, and musical instruments. There is also a glossary of musical terms and a list of the resources used to create the site. Interactive games allow you to test your knowledge. This site, which was created by high school students for ThinkQuest, provides good introduction for beginners, but is also helpful to those who are more knowledgeable about music.

#### MusicSearch

http://www.musicsearch.com/

A large, searchable directory of music-related Internet sites, with descriptions provided by the sites.

#### PD Info: Public Domain Music

http://www.pdinfo.com/

"A reference site to help the ordinary person identify public domain songs and public domain music... royalty free music you can use anywhere and any way you choose... performance, sing-along, film, video, advertising, business, or personal." Includes info on copyright and public domain, an FAQ, and a song list of titles in the public domain.

#### Pianonet.com

http://www.pianonet.com/

"As the official Web site of the National Piano Foundation, PianoNet is your comprehensive guide to everything about pianos-their history, their manufacture, noted artists, important publications and more."

### **Russian Folk Songs**

http://russia-in-us.com/Music/Folk/

Songs from Russia (and a few from Ukraine) in .ra format.

#### Sheet Music from Canada's Past

http://www.collectionscanada.gc.ca/sheetmusic/

"This site is a source of sheet music published in Canada before 1921, selected from the National Library of Canada's historical collection. This website currently features sheet music published before Confederation (1867) and during the era of the First World War (1914-1920), selected from the historical collection of the National Library of Canada. Future phases will include digitized sheet music published between 1867 and 1913." Scores can be searched or browsed, and are downloadable in Adobe Acrobat (PDF) format.

### Southern Mosaic: The John and Ruby Lomax 1939 Southern States Recording Trip

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/lohtml/lohome.html

"Covering a three-month period in 1939, the John and Ruby Lomax 1939 Southern States Recording Trip documents a wide variety of musical styles from eight different states." This online presentation provides access to over 600 audio recordings of folksongs, related photos and other graphic images, as well as transcribed, searchable text for all the print material in the Lomax collection.

### The Symphony: An Interactive Guide

http://library.thinkquest.org/22673/index.html

"The aim of The Symphony: An Interactive Guide is to provide a comprehensive resource for people wanting to expand their knowledge of the symphony - Western art music's richest and most important genre. The site features comprehensive biographies of the major symphonic composers, browseable by country or by an alphabetical list. And thanks to the Queensland Youth Symphony Orchestra and their conductor John Curro, live recordings of nine great symphonies can be heard on this site via RealAudio.

"Also included is a timeline showing musical events in their historical context, an explanation of musical forms and structures, and a complete guide to the instruments of the orchestra." A glossary of related terms is also included.

### **MUSIC RESOURCES:**

#### **Lois Choksy**:

The Kodaly Method I: Comprehensive Music Education ISBN-10: 0139491651 / ISBN-13: 978-0139491658

The Kodaly Method II: Folksong to Masterwork
 ISBN-10: 0139491732 / ISBN-13: 978-0139491733

The Kodaly Context

ISBN-10: 0135166667 / ISBN-13: 978-0135166666

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120 Singing Games and Dances for Elementary Schools

**ISBN-10:** 0136350380 / **ISBN-13:** 978-0136350385

K. S. Dnie: Kodaly Approach (Teacher Edition for Wookbook 1,2,3)

ISBN-10: 0769253474 / ISBN-13: 978-0769253473

Dong Goodkin: Play, Sing & Dance: An Introduction to Orff Schulwerk

ISBN-10: 190245507X / ISBN-13: 978-1902455075

Katalin Komio: 150 American Folk Songs: To Sing, Read and Play ISBN-10: 0913932043 / ISBN-13: 978-0913932049

Pamela Conn Beall / Susan Hagen Nipp: Wee Sing America (Wee Sing)

**ISBN-10:** 0843112794 / **ISBN-13:** 978-0843112795

We Will Sing: Choral Music Experience for Classroom Choirs

Boosey & Hawkes (Publisher)

**ISBN-10:** 0913932507 / **ISBN-13:** 978-0913932506

**Doreen Rao & William Perison:** Circle of Sound (Paperback)

ISBN-10: 0913932701 / ISBN-13: 978-0913932704

#### DRAMA AND PERFORMANCE

#### **All Magic Guide**

http://allmagic.com/allmagicguide/

Online guide for stage magic practitioners, both amateur and professional. Searchable.

#### Applied and Interactive Theatre Guide

http://www.tonisant.com/aitg/

This site supports "theatre professionals throughout the world [who are] working to bring their skills as change agents, as awareness builders, and as empathy masters to

#### The Aural Imagination

http://homepages.enterprise.net/micpool/

A resource for students of theatre sound design. Formerly "Mic Pool's Theatre Sound and Music Page," it has been redesigned to emphasize the educational material for student sound engineers.

#### Based on the Book

http://www.mcpl.lib.mo.us/readers/movies/

'Based on the Book' is a compilation of over 1,000 book titles, short stories, and plays that have been made into motion pictures. Utilizing the Internet Movie Database as the authority on release dates, all movies in this collection have been released since 1980.

### The Costume Page

http://members.aol.com/nebula5/costume.html

This page offers over 2000 links to information about costumes including costume history, the making and wearing of costumes, costume buying guides, and Halloween costume suggestions. One section offers dozens of links to ethnic and folk costume material. This site is geared to those in theatre, students, researchers, and many others.

#### The Costumer's Manifesto

http://www.costumes.org/

Just about anything you need to know about costuming: advice and how-to, photo references, designs, and many, many links.

#### La Couturiere Parisienne Costume and Fashion Site

http://www.marquise.de/

History of European costume from the Renaissance through the 20th century, with illustrations, images, descriptions and many sewing patterns.

#### Didaskalia

http://www.didaskalia.net/

An electronic resource and journal dedicated to the study of ancient Greek and Roman drama in performance.

### The English Server Drama Collection

http://drama.eserver.org/

A collection of both long and short English drama plays and criticism (complete scripts) that includes authors like: Shakespeare (complete works,) Shaw, Johnson, Gay, Moliere, Biggs and Sophocles. Also has links to other theatre sites.

#### Eye on the Industry

http://www.caryn.com/biz/

A compilation of Web resources available to assist people in the entertainment industry. Sections include: Actors Area, Independent Film, Industry Buzz, Writers Resources, Book & Movie Recommendations, Filmmakers Alliance, and Newsgroup/Discussion.

### FX Glossary: A compendium of common FX terms

http://www.character-shop.com/glossary.html

Glossary of terms and techniques used in movie, TV, and theatre special effects.

#### **Glossary of Technical Theatre Terms**

http://www.theatrecrafts.com/glossary/glossary.shtml

Hundreds of British (and American) technical theatre terms, explained. From the University of Exeter Drama Department.

#### Harlem Renaissance

http://www.fatherryan.org/harlemrenaissance/

This site portrays the "Harlem Renaissance as a cultural movement that allowed African-Americans to show their creative abilities to the world." It includes visual, theatre, music and performing arts displays. Contains links to other Harlem Renaissance sites.

### The History of the Australian Theatre

http://www.hat-archive.com/index.html

Covers Australian Theatre history with articles, pictures, and programmes.

#### The Improv Page

http://www.improvcomedy.org/

"A clearinghouse for information about improvisational theatre. Improvisation is a form of theatre in which no script is used. Instead, the actors create the dialog and action themselves, as they perform." Includes links to improv groups, a short history, an improv glossary, and an annotated bibliography.

### McCoy's Guide to Theatre and Performance Studies

http://www.stetson.edu/csata/custom/thr\_guid.html

Annotated guide to theatre- and performance-related Internet resources, including Web sites, newsgroups and e-mail lists.

#### Milieux: The Costume Site

http://milieux.com/costume/

A directory of links about all the costume-related topics one could imagine. Research the history of various arms and armor, find instructions on making period costumes and links to suppliers, resources for costume materials, and organizations. There is also a section that has drawings of costumes used in various plays or theatre productions. A good site for theatre groups and science fiction and fantasy fans.

#### The New Deal Stage: Selections from the Federal Theatre Project, 1935-1939

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/fedtp/fthome.html

"This online presentation includes over 13,000 images of items selected from the Federal Theatre Project Collection at the Library of Congress. Featured here are stage and costume designs, still photographs, posters, and scripts for productions of Macbeth and The Tragical History of Dr. Faustus as staged by Orson Welles, and for Power, a topical drama of the period (over 3,000 images). Also included are 68 other playscripts (6,500 images) and 168 documents selected from the Federal Theatre Project Administrative Records (3,700 images). The Federal Theatre Project was one of five arts-related projects established during the first term of President Franklin Delano Roosevelt under the Works Progress Administration (WPA)."

#### Playwrights Guild of Canada

http://www.playwrightsguild.ca/pgc/main.asp

"Playwrights Guild of Canada (formerly Playwrights Union of Canada) is a national association of professional and emerging playwrights." It was established in 1972 as the Playwrights Co-op with its stated purpose to publish and distribute scripts to encourage more productions of Canadian plays. By 2006, the guild provides programs and services that support, promote, and advocate for over 500 members. The PGC also contains the Women's Caucus, established to meet the particular needs of women playwrights. Check the site for programs, playwrights, plays, and other links of interest. You may browse the digital library of Canadian plays as a visitor.

#### The Pulitzer Prizes

http://www.pulitzer.org

Information about the Pulitzer prizes for American journalism, letters, drama and music can be found here with the lists of prize winners since 1917.

### **Riggers Page**

http://www.rigging.net/

Technical information about stage rigging equipment; includes rigging formulas. Illustrated.

### The Shakespeare Art Museum

http://shakespeare-art-museum.com/

Featuring the writings and visual works (oil paintings, graphics, and watercolors) of visual artist Hannah Tompkins, these works based on the plays and themes of William Shakespeare were displayed at the Shakespeare Art Museum in Ashland Oregon. The Museum was founded in 1984 as a non-profit organization by Wolf Tomkins and Hannah Tompkins. "At the museum, Hannah often gave gallery talks and tours sharing her wit and wisdom of the Shakespearean experience." The museum closed in 1990 and Hannah died of cancer five years later. This online art museum displays Tompkin's oil paintings, multi-color graphics, and watercolors with her text and descriptions, all dealing with the works and themes of Shakespeare.

#### Small-Cast One-Act Guide Online

http://www.heniford.net/1234/index.htm

"Small-Cast One-Act Guide Online is a free resource for playwrights, actors, dramaturgs, agents, producers, publishers, students, and librarians. This site accesses one-act plays in all media worldwide, citing over 600 scripts in many languages for four or fewer actors." Through a variety of indexes (author, title, genre, cast size/gender), users of the site can find citations for one-act plays, including synopses, author information, and publication information. A glossary of genres and a directory of play publication houses are also included.

### Stage Lighting Math

http://www.le-us.com/stagemath.html

"A collection of math formulas that can prove useful to lighting designers and electricians."

### **Stage Lighting Tech Pages**

http://freespace.virgin.net/tom.baldwin/index.html

The Stage Lighting Tech Pages are "for anyone involved in performance lighting needing information fast. These pages contain links to the sites of equipment maunfacturers, hire companies, organisations and other sites on the internet dedicated to lighting. There are also pages of technical information, such as connector pinouts, channel listings for intelligent lighting, dimensions of lanterns and so on." There is also an illustrated glossary of over 360 technical terms.

#### **Stagecraft Frequently Asked Questions**

http://www.faqs.org/faqs/theatre/stagecraft/faq/

Frequently asked questions from the rec.arts.theatre.stagecraft and alt.stagecraft newsgroups. The questions are sorted by lighting, sound, props, etc.

### The Stephen Sondheim Stage

http://www.sondheim.com/

The Stephen Sondheim Stage is a site devoted to the works of Stephen Sondheim. It contains a library of information about Sondheim's works, as well as music clips, interviews with Sondheim and the latest news about him.

#### The Theatre Design and Technical Jobs Page

http://backstagejobs.com/

"This site is designed to help the "behind-the-scenes" people in the live entertainment industry find work, and to help entertainment groups fill their job openings."

#### Theatrecrafts.com

http://www.theatrecrafts.com/

"The aim of theatrecrafts.com is to eventually be the best resource for practical information and advice about technical theatre. It's designed to be of use to theatre people at all levels."

### **Tony Awards Online**

http://www.tonyawards.com/en\_U\$/

The Tony Awards site lists the most recent Tony Award nominees and winners and includes photos and video interviews from the latest awards ceremony. Also offers related feature articles.

#### The World of Mime Theatre

http://www.mime.info/

"Information on mime as a theatre art: articles, resources, contacts, and a calendar of upcoming events."

#### DANCE

#### **American Ballet Theatre**

http://www.abt.org/

ABT homepage featuring a ballet dictionary, company archives with information on past shows and coreographers, dancer bios, and a variety of other information about the company.

### An American Ballroom Companion: Dance Instruction Manuals ca. 1600 - 1920

http://lcweb2.loc.gov/ammem/dihtml/dihome.html

"An American Ballroom Companion presents a collection of over two hundred social dance manuals at the Library of Congress. The list begins with a rare late fifteenth-century source, Les basses danses de Marguerite d'Autriche (c.1490) and ends with Ella Gardner's 1929 Public dance halls, their regulation and place in the recreation of adolescents. Along with dance instruction manuals, this online presentation also includes a significant number of antidance manuals, histories, treatises on etiquette, and items from other conceptual categories. Many of the manuals also provide historical information on theatrical dance. All illuminate the manner in which people have joyfully expressed themselves as they dance for and with one another. Search by Keyword; Browse by Subject, Author, Title."

#### **Ballet Dictionary**

http://www.abt.org/education/dictionary/index.html

The American Ballet Theatre's dictionary of ballet terms. Site features a video accompaniment for many of the entries, including demonstrations of dance movements. Video viewing requires QuickTime plug-in.

#### CyberDance Ballet on the Net

http://www.cyberdance.org/

This is a good site for updated information on ballet companies, dance education, news, people, organizations, international information and links to other dance related sites. There are links to ballet company web pages and biographies and photographs of dancers. There is also a glossary of dance related terms.

#### Esflamenco.com

http://www.esflamenco.com/enindex.html

Covers Spanish flamenco culture: dancing, guitar playing, and singing.

#### Learn to Ballroom Dance Online at Dancety.com

http://www.dancetv.com/

"If you have always wanted to learn how to ballroom dance but never knew where to start, this is the right place for you. You can start learning the Waltz, Fox Trot and Swing by looking at our Learn-Online sections, or you can browse through our Dance Tips section."

### **New York City Ballet**

http://www.nycballet.com/index.html

The homepage of the New York City Ballet provides information about performers, current performances, news items, and the American School of Ballet. It includes photos, trivia, puzzles, links to the costume shop and gift shop, and a dance bibliography.

#### **Pow Wows**

http://www.powwows.com/

Discusses the history, etiquette, costumes, drums, and music of Pow Wow dancing. It has articles that describe specific women's dances and men's dances. It also features a calendar of events.

#### **Renaissance Dance**

http://www.rendance.org/

"Here you will find information on everything to do with European dance from the 15th to early 17th centuries." This site includes drawings and photographs from primary and secondary sources and a comprehensive bibliography.

### Sapphire Swan Dance Directory

http://www.sapphireswan.com/dance/

This directory features links to pages about almost every type of dance. They include: Ballet, Ballroom, Contra, Folk, Morris, Historical, Morns, Square, Tango, Swing, and Lindy. The links are from all over the world, from The New York Ballet to St. Petersburg. The dance schools have dates, times, and the cities and the theatres that they are performing at this year. Need help with ballet terms or how about finding your perfect costume to Tango in? Want to take dance lessons? You can find a dance school that suits you, and one that is close to where you live. They also have links to the best and latest dance products from big dance companies. These are all found in the Dance Directory. So, if you love dancing this site is just for you!

#### **Southern Native American Pow Wows**

http://library.thinkquest.org/3081/

Discusses the songs and song format, drums, dance styles, and arena of Pow Wow dancing. It includes RealAudio sound files of songs and music. There are also many pictures of dance and costumes. Includes a glossary for new terminology and also includes a crafts/how-to section with instructions on how to make Native American craft items.

### **Tap Dance Homepage**

http://www.tapdance.org/tap/taphome.htm

Learn about tap dancing with the glossary of terms and notation, brief history of tap, tap steps, a directory of tap companies and performers, tap dance calendar, and more on this site.

### The Pontic Music Homepage

http://www.scimitarmusic.com/pontos/

Resources relating to the Greeks of Pontos who were settled mostly in Macedonia after the 1922 Treaty of Lausanne. Instruments including the kemenche, a type of lyra, and the tulum, a type of bagpipe, are discussed as well as dance forms including dipat, kochari, and serra.

### **Western Square Dancing**

http://www.dosado.com/

Information and resources about square dancing, including clubs and schools, call lists and definitions, software, articles and humor, a caller's corner, and links to other square dancing resources.

# **SAMPLE RUBRICS:**

## SAMPLE 1:

		Assessme	ent Rubri	С		T		
Student Name:						Class Period:		
	ent:				Date Completed:			
Circle the number <b>in penc</b> you feel that you compl assign	Excellent	Good	Average	Needs Improvement	Rate Yourself	Teacher's Rating		
Criteria 1 –		10	9 – 8	7	6 or less			
Criteria 2 –		10	9 – 8	7	6 or less			
Criteria 3 –		10	9 – 8	7	6 or less			
Criteria 4 – Effort: took time to develop idea & complete project? (Didn't rush.) Good use of class time?  Criteria 5 – Craftsmanship – Neat, clean & complete? Skillful use of the art tools & media?  Total: 50  Grade:		10	9 – 8	7	6 or less			
		10	9 – 8	7	6 or less			
						Your Total	Teacher Total	
x 2 = 100 (possible points)								

STUDENT REFLECTION:

TEACHER COMMENTS:

# SAMPLE 2:

Assessment Rubric									
Student Name:  Assignment/Problem:						Class	Class Period:		
						Date Completed:			
Circle the number in pencil that best shows how well you feel that you completed that criterion for the assignment.	Superior Justify below	Excellent	Good	Average	Needs Improvement	Rate Yourself	Teacher's Rating		
Composition and design does it read well?	5	4	3	2	1				
Growth and progress How does the work compare to previous work? Is there growth in thought?	5	4	3	2	1				
Impact Is it daring? Does it extend from past work? Is it a theme of personal expression or if "borrowed' how did you change it?	5	4	3	2	1				
The problem Is the student addressing the problem posed? Are variations made for a reason?	5	4	3	2	1				
Care/effort Is the work appropriate to the style? attention to details craftsmanship	5	4	3	2	1				
Work habits - efficient use of time, asking questions, recording thoughts, experimenting	5	4	3	2	1				
Grade:						Your Total	Teacher Total		

# STUDENT REFLECTION:

# **TEACHER COMMENTS:**

# SAMPLE STUDENT SELF-ASSESSMENT

Name				Se	ction_			
I have earned the following grade in art:								
Because:	E		0	Low 7		£		
I worked to achieve excellence	10	9	8	/	6	5		
My work shows mastery of art skills	10	9	8	7	6	5		
My work exhibits craftsmanship	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I was respectful to all in class	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I followed all classroom rules	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I listened to and followed directions	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I was helpful and considerate of others	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I completed all written assignments accurately	10	9	8	7	6	5		
I remained on task	10	9	8	7	6	5		
STUDENT REFLECTION:								
You have earned the following grade in art:	You have earned the following grade in art:							
Because: You worked to achieve excellence		High 10	9	8	7 I	Low 6	5	

Your work shows mastery of art skills	10	9	8	7	6	5
Your work exhibits craftsmanship	10	9	8	7	6	5
Your work shows creativity and originality	10	9	8	7	6	5
You followed all classroom rules	10	9	8	7	6	5
You were helpful and considerate of others	10	9	8	7	6	5
You completed written assignments accurately	10	9	8	7	6	5
You remained on task	10	9	8	7	6	5

### **TEACHER COMMENT:**

### **Lesson Aids:**

Art Teacher Helpers Art on a Cart? Need a quick idea? Check Michal Austin's helpful hints pages- from The Art Kids

**Preschool Printables.com** Lots of ideas and resources for preschool educators. Check out , No Line Coloring, People and so much more....lots of ideas for journal pages for little ones.

FREE Art coloring pages - many master works of art from Edupics.com.

Quia Art Activities - scavenger hunts, matching games, fun activities. (These have not been evaluated - check them out yourself)

<u>Puzzle Search Puzzlemaker</u> Puzzlemaker is a puzzle generation tool for teachers, students and parents. Create and print customized word search, crossword and math puzzles using your word lists.

Crafts links page - lots of fun projects

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Links

### **Fine Art Images**

Art Images for College Teaching: Ancient, Medieval, Renaissance, Modern, Non-Western "AICT is a royalty-free image exchange resource for the educational community."

Carol (Jackson) Gerten Fine Art Scanned art images - some biographical information about artists. Carol Gerten Mirror Site

Mark Harden Artchive- scanned art images

Olga's Gallery Listing of artists This site has many quality images-- If the pop-up windows get annoying - try downloading POW to block the ads (Google tool bar will also block pop-ups). World Literature in Painting Greek and Roman myths references.

Web Gallery of Art is a virtual museum and searchable database of European painting and sculpture of the Gothic, Renaissance and Baroque periods

World Art Treasures Slide collection of art form Egypt, China, Japan, India, and Europe

Web Museum Famous Painters by artist Theme Index Mirror sites

Images from History Images from the history of world art and archeology for use in the classroom. From University of Alabama at Birmingham.

Art Serve: Australian National University Art & Architecture - 165,000 images -- mainly from the Mediterranean Basin, Japan, India & Cambodia.

http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/middle/arted.htm#Links

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