PERSONNEL NEEDED FOR CONTEST.

- 1. *Contest Director.* May be a knowledgeable coach of contestants in the contest.
- 2. Assistant Directors. Two knowledgeable coaches from different schools other than director's.
- 3. **Judges.** An odd number of judges who know none of the students in the contest. Recommendation: One

judge for each grade level, then judges get together to make the final decisions on the top 10 drawings at each grade level. It is also recommended that judges set up the display. Depending on the number of students competing, a separate room for each grade level is best.

2023

ORAL INTERPRETATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CONTESTANT

2024

NOTE: Prose and Poetry Interpretation has changed names to Oral Interpretation. Everything else is the same. The contest will continue to alternate genres annually.

- ENTRIES. As many as THREE students from grade levels 4, 5, 6, or combined grades 7 and 8* may enter the Oral Interpretation District Contest from each school. Designated adults representing each school will select contestants to represent the campus at the District Meet based on their abilities and interest in public speaking and oral reading, as well as other factors, which are decided by each school. *Districts may elect to allow up to 3 students per grade level in Oral Interpretation 7/8, but speech sections must contain a mix of 7th and 8th graders, and ONLY the top 2 from the final round advance to State.
- ADVANCING TO STATE. First and second place winners will advance to State. The third place winner will be the alternate. (See page 8 for complete rules. See page 108 for an abbreviated chart for contest administration.)
- NATURE OF THE CONTEST. Each year, the selection category alternates:

2023-2024 PROSE
 2024-2025 POETRY
 2025-2026 PROSE

Coaches may use these guidelines in preparing for either the Oral Interpretation Contest. Students in the Oral Interpretation Contest select a published poem/prose piece, or group of poems/prose works, prepare an introduction to this literary work(s), and present the work(s) with an introduction in a six-minute time limit at the contest. The introduction may be at the beginning or embedded. There is no minimum time limit. Better presentations are at least three minutes in length, however. Contestants who exceed the allotted six minutes shall be disqualified. Works published on the internet as the primary publication (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, or other websites) are not acceptable for use without the written permission of the author.

- CHOOSING A SELECTION. Students may select a work, several excerpts from a work, or a group of works, for their presentations. Students should ask these questions:
 - 1) **DOILIKE THE SELECTION?** A student must enjoy a

2023-2024 Genre

PROSE

selection if he or she will spend time thinking about it, analyzing it, and rehearsing it.

- 2) IS THE SELECTION APPROPRIATE FOR ME? Literary selections written by and for adults offer problems for elementary and middle school students because the levels of experience, understanding, and vocabulary are so very different from their own. Select literary works that present a young person's point of view, situations that you can identify with, and themes that you understand.
- 3) DOES THE SELECTION WORK FOR THIS TYPE OF LITERARY INTERPRETATION? This judgment must not be made too hastily. Almost all selections become richer and fuller as students work with them; a few selections, despite rehearsal and exploration, simply do not benefit from an oral presentation.
- DOCUMENTATION. A requirement of the contest, documentation means the contestant researches and provides to their coach information that proves that the work is the literary type specified for this school year. Documentation EXAMPLES:
 - A photocopied passage from an encyclopedia or anthology of poems/prose works;
 - The book cover, or a photocopy of it, along with the table of contents that lists the title of the work in reference to its type;
 - A printed internet page that specifies the work to be either prose or poetry (must be reputable source, excludes Wikipedia);
- The actual literary source in which piece is found. (Contestant must point to the specific information in this source that clarifies that the work is either prose or poetry, noting word descriptors found on page 75 of this handbook, and a photocopy of this information must be provided.)

Some works may not have printed sources that indicate specifically that they are poems or prose, and sometimes rhyming works in children's literature are actually classified as prose. Library of Congress references

ORAL INTERPRETATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CONTESTANT CONTINUED

may provide both prose and poetry references, as well, but these will direct the contestant to a source that will document the genre needed. Please be aware that failure to submit documentation will result in disqualification, even if it seems obvious that the work is a poem or a prose work. Consider documentation an opportunity to find out more about the work you are presenting.

Documentation will be submitted online using the Digital Documentation system unless you are otherwise directly by your meet director.

- THE INTRODUCTION. The required original introduction should prepare the audience to hear the literary work. It may be dramatic; it may or may not say something about the writer; it may describe the setting of the work; and/or it may introduce other aspects of the literature. It is important to remember that the introduction MUST be given from memory with the text closed, that it MUST NOT include the student's name or school, and that it should be fairly short because the presentation, including the introduction, must not exceed six minutes. The introduction may be traditional or embedded, where the speaker begins the piece of work with the text open, gives an introduction with text closed, and then opens the text and continues with the piece. Although PSIA does not have a required time frame where the introduction must occur, it is recommended that it appear earlier than later in the presentation.
- APPROPRIATE GESTURES. Responsive use of the body (i.e., spontaneous changes in posture, gesture, and "limited" place-to-place movement) are permissible. However, this active use of the body should . . .
 - (A) be appropriate to the demands of the selection;
 - (B) be a natural outgrowth from the literature to be performed;
 - (C) not call attention to itself; and
 - (D) be limited in scope.

The judge's opinion in this matter is final.

Although the literary work may be presented from memory, contestants are required to hold a transcript open during the reading. "Artful" glances at the transcript are recommended. The transcript may be placed in a small, dark colored folder or notebook that does not detract from the presentation. Holding a transcript can prevent the overuse of gestures and prevent the contestant from performing a dramatic monologue. Remember that voice inflection and interpretation of the different characters and the scene are the most important components of a great poetry or prose interpretation. The voice, not the body, should convey the meaning and feeling in the literary work. Walking around the room, instead of confining oneself to a smaller area of appropriate outgrowth movement, should be cause for a JUDGE to make note of such over-gesturing and thus rank the contestant lower than he or she might have been

ranked otherwise.

• APPROPRIATE ATTIRE. Although contestants a not required to wear a suit and tie or dresses, appearan can be a factor in the judges' overall impression of t presentation. Contestants should not wear logo clothin (other than the PSIA State Meet T-shirt), especially if t logo is of the school or symbols of the school attende Clothing that appears to be a costume representing yo literary piece is not appropriate. If a contestant weat one of these unacceptable pieces of clothing, the context director may have the student turn his/her shirt wrom side out, or otherwise change clothes. Although dre is not a disqualifier, it is a rationale for deductions ranking by the judge.

• WHAT HAPPENS IN THE CONTEST.

1) The contest director will announce the time and plathat contestants and one adult should report for evaluation pick-up and/or awards presentation. 2) As roll is called as substitutes OR alternates are checked in, each contesta will be given a card on which the letter of his/h speaking order is written, in accordance to the Contesta Roster (Do NOT change speaking order.); 3) The Contest Director will CHECK DOCUMENTATIO at roll call, and keep any questionable documentation secure approval. (No opportunity will be provide to run and get documentation papers after roll cabut all contestants will be allowed to present the interpretative readings. Disqualifications will I noted to judges only after presentations.)

4) The contest director/timekeeper will annound speaker A; and 5) the contestant will hold that numb up, then give the card back to the director. Timing begin with the contestant's first words of the presentation Because the PSIA events are intended to be educational the contestants are to remain in the contest room aft their presentations, and audiences are expected to the capacity of the room. No one may enter or leave tl room once the contest has started, unless a note approved late arrival or early departure has been provided by the meet director. The contestant w speak before a single impartial judge or preferably panel of three judges. All speech events are judged by an odd number of judges who independently decig on the ranking of contestants. No collaboration permitted.

6) When only 30 seconds are left in the allotted tin for a speaker, the contest director, who also serves the timekeeper, should hold up a "30 seconds left" can in order to assist the contestant in stopping the speece prior to the end of the time limit. Judges should tal no more than 1 1/2 minutes following the contestal presentation to complete his/her evaluation.

• ENTERING PROSE or POETRY AND A CONTES IN CONFLICT ON THE REQUIRED SCHEDULJ Student are allowed to be dual entered in this conte and other contests that occur at the same time

Arrangements for the contestant to speak early or late in both prelim and final rounds must be submitted to the District meet director through registration on AMC before the registration deadline is reached and to the State director at least 14 days prior to the State Meet. Contestants will NOT be given additional time in dual entry contests.

• DISQUALIFICATIONS. A contestant WILL be

disqualified for these infractions of the rules:

1) failing to provide an introduction from memory;

2) speaking over the six-minute time allotted;

3) failure to remove profanity from presentation;

4) stating name or name of school;

5) prompting by audience member from school: any body movements that provide information to contestant during

performance;

6) failure to provide documentation of the type of literary work being presented. Digital Documentation will be noted on the rosters. For meets not using Digital Documentation, the documentation will be checked at both the prelim and final round. Other presentation improvements needed should be noted by the judge (not the contest director) on the evaluation sheet. Clearance at District level on these requirements does not ensure clearance at the State level of competition.

•ADVANCING TO THE FINAL ROUND. If there are more than 9 students in the competition, two sections of the contest (preliminary round) will be held. The top 3 ranked students will advance to the final round from each of two "prelim" sections, and the top 2 will advance if there are three prelim sections. Contestants may read the same literary piece for the final round, as well as at State.
• POSTING THE PRELIMINARY ROUND.

Rankings are posted in AMC, and contestants pick up their evaluations at the time and place designated on the schedule. At this time the names of the contestants advancing to the final round will be announced in random order and posted on a designated bulletin board in a random speaking order for the final round.

PERFORMANCE PIECE.

Contestants must perform the same piece in all rounds (Prelims and Finals) during a meet. Contestants may change pieces between meets.

2023

ORAL INTERPRETATION ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR COACHES / CONTEST DIRECTORS

 PREPARATION FOR CONTEST. Read and follow all instructions provided in the "Information Pertaining to All Contests" section of the PSIA Academic Handbook. Observe and practice with students all rules and procedures delineated in the "Instructions to the Contestant" and in the "POETRY Contest Director Checklist" and the "Checklist for Judges." Preparation for the Prose or Poetry Interpretation Contest should include instruction in the curriculum objectives of public speaking. Practice performing before an audience is essential. Invitational meets with other schools provide the most effective practice, as well as boosting enthusiasm for the contestant. You may wish to prepare your students for the excitement of winning as well as the disappointment of losing. All speech activities rely on the subjective opinions of judges. The philosophies and techniques of oral reading differ widely, and your students need to be aware that their work may be evaluated by people with a variety of approaches to the field. If you emphasize the joy of sharing literature rather than the necessity of a first place ranking, all your students will be winners, especially if they carry their love of literature into adulthood.

PERSONNEL NEEDED FOR CONTEST.

1. *Contest Director/Timekeeper*. Must be a language arts or speech teacher OR have two years of experience at directing the Oral Interpretation Contest.

- 2. Assistant Directors. Two knowledgeable coaches from different schools other than director's. One serves additionally as Hall Monitor.
- 3. Judge(s). Three qualified, impartial judges should judge preliminary and final rounds. An odd number of judges is required. One qualified judge is acceptable only if 3 cannot be found. (Same criteria as the contest director/timekeeper)
- SECTIONING. Following random placement in the AMC program, make sure that students from the same school are in different sections, if possible, and make sure that the first persons listed on the entry forms are not all in the same section.
- JUDGING REQUIREMENTS (ADDITIONAL INFORMATION applicable to all speech contests). (See Contestant information) Judges for all PSIA speech contest should:

1) Hold a Language Arts, English, or Speech Communication education certification, OR be working

on a degree in a speech /language arts field.

2) Have prior judging experience of at least three speech contests. Contests may be invitational or intramural, but preferably, judging experience should be at the district or state level of PSIA competition.

Persons meeting these qualifications let your campus coordinator and your district director know of your

(continued on page 78)

2024

Prose OR Poetry?: Documenting Your Selection

• WORD IDENTIFIERS FOR PROSE: If documenting Prose, the information should contain one or more these prose identifiers referencing the work's title, or **other possible words** that signify that the work is writ in paragraph form:

story novel short story passage fiction fable fairy tale tale folklore allegory anecdote essay editorial autobiography biography parable (if not written in verse form). pla where paragraph literature may be found, verifying that the selection is prose.

• WORD IDENTIFIERS FOR POETRY: If documenting Poetry, look for these identifiers:

blank verse couplets verse poem poetic hymn pentameter meter epic ly ballad haiku sonnet free verse limerick rhyming stanza ode etc.

Bibliographic information on specific works, including classification according to the Dewey Decimal System available at the Library of Congress Online Catalogue at https://catalog.loc.gov/

Follow the simple directions found on this website to locate information about a work, to find works on subareas, or to do a general search for a title or an author.

Be sure to get a printout of your findings. Hand written or typed information can not serve as proof of the working genre. Also, the numbers in this system do not tell a novice director that a work is prose or poetry. Provistatements or listings that are photocopied.

You may occasionally find a book or anthology that the online card catalog labels as "miscellaneous writing These books are often collected works of individual authors that are not limited to or chiefly identified with specific form. You may also encounter a book, published by a small press, which has not been assigned a spec genre category. In such cases, it is necessary to ask the following questions to identify the material's classificati

- Does the piece contain stage directions? The presence of stage directions can help you establish a piece; work of drama. DRAMA EXCERPTS MAY NOT BE USED IN PSIA PROSE OR POETRY INTERPRETATION CONTEST. Dramatic monologues, or any work that is classified as a Dialogue or Monologue, are acceptable in this contest.
- Are there any published articles, reviews, or interviews which clarify the genre of this particular work Newspapers and magazines often review or analyze works of literature. Articles found in these periodicals give you insight into a particular literary work's content and form.
- Do I have the correct original source? Many works of literature are published in more than one form. example, John Irving's *The Cider House Rules* is available as a novel, a play, and a screenplay. A cutting fr the novel would be an acceptable prose selection. The other two literary versions of the story could not be u in PSIA competition.
- Copyright Infringement: Prose and poetry excerpts and full works are acceptable from the internet, as le as the website and/or author do not indicate a copyright and prohibition to print or use. The pages printed fr such websites must provide clarity that permission is granted to print out and use the work.

For meets not using Digitial Documentation:

Make additional copies of your findings and your documentation to bring to competition. (There should be copyright concern for making additional copies, if the documentation has been appropriately secured.) will be required to present your findings to the Contest Director at each level of competition, or be disqually from the contest. Handwritten proofs will not suffice for documentation. Although disqualified students be allowed to present their prose or poetry presentations, without acceptable documentation, the student me be disqualified when the ranking procedure is done.



PRIVATE SCHOOLS INTERSCHOLASTIC ASSOCIATION



Oral Interpretation Individual Evaluation Sheet

| SPEAKER ID: | (Conte | estant ID Label to be placed here AFTER judging) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------|---------|-----------|----------|--|
| SELECTION TITLE: | SECTION # or FINAL: | | | | | | |
| Judge's comments should be constructive and supportive, but constructive critic Check (✓) appropriate box indicating your judgment of the | idge's comments should be constructive and supportive, but constructive criticism will be most helpful for the contestants. Check (✓) appropriate box indicating your judgment of this speaker's expertise. | | | | | | |
| COMMENTS | | <u></u> | | | | | |
| I. The Text and Introduction | | N | | | | | |
| Introduction: Is the required introduction given from memory with text closed? Does it effect introduce the work, drawing interest and setting the mood? Is the information relevant for the Comment: | ctively piece? | Needs Wor | K Satisfacto | ry Good | Excellent | Superio | |
| Insight and Understanding: Is the selection appropriate for age level and student ability? Do speaker display understanding of the selection, evidenced in the recreation of the mood, setting of view, and intent of the piece? Comment: | oes the | | | | | | |
| II. The Performer | | Needs Work | 5-4-5-4 | | | | |
| Voice and Diction: Is pronunciation acceptable and enunciation clear and distinct? Are pitch, and volume appropriate? Is vocal variety sufficient? Does the voice control the performance? Comment: | roto | Needs Work | Satisfactory | Good | Excellent | Superio | |
| Gestures and Bodily Actions: Is the speaker poised? Are gestures a natural outgrowth of the and not overacted or distracting? Does the speaker reference the script with ease? Is the speak dressed appropriately, without costume or school uniform? Comment: | work cer | | | - | | , | |
| III. The Performance | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Pacing: Did the performance move through phases of logical and emotional progression? Did pacing, silence and build seem appropriate? Was the presentation long enough for effectiveness Comment: | | Needs Work | Satisfactory | Good | Excellent | Superior | |
| Character Portrayal: Were characters distinctly portrayed vocally, physically, emotionally, ar intellectually? Comment: | nd | | | | | | |
| | | | | | İ | | |
| Overall effectiveness: Did the speaker clearly communicate the selection, maintaining the liste interest? Was the performance consistent? Was the performance interesting and effective? Comment: | ener's | | | | | | |
| Make copies for each judge for the number of contestants in each section. | | | | | | | |
| Judge's Signature | | 7 | | | _ | | |
| Judge's Printed Name | | | | | | | |